



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	Journal of Complementary and Alternative Medical Research
Manuscript Number:	Ms_JOCAMR_56640
Title of the Manuscript:	Allium sativum (Garlic) Extract and Ascorbic Acid Comparatively Ameliorate Renal Parenchyma of Gentamicin-induced Nephropathic Rats
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Change your title to be more meaningful and sensible. I would propose "To assess ameliorative effects of Ascorbic acid (AA) and <i>Allium sativum</i> ethanol extract (ASEE) on renal parenchyma of gentamicin-induced nephropathic rats" 2. From your abstract: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> remove the term comparative since at the end of your abstract, you are reporting a combine treatment. ... Kindly tells us also how you administered your extract whether crude or purified 3. Give us the type of microscope you have used for Histopathological study 4. Justification of your research is needed in your introduction. 5. Kindly separate your results from discussion into two different sections 6. " In comparison with previous studies, ameliorative effect of ASEE against GM exposure observed in this study can be related with antioxidant activity of its phytochemical constituents which suppresses oxidative renal tissue damage that follows GM exposure,"..It is worth doing and report the results for antioxidant capacity of the extract. 7. "Based on the results of this study and in comparison with previous studies, AA potently acts to suppress ROS reactivity thereby functioning as free radical scavenger that ameliorates ROS-induced oxidative damage caused by GM exposure in renal tissue (Kadkhodae et al, 2005; Ariharan et al, 2012; Kadi and Dahdouh, 2016). "..Such statement requires specificity and state the results and the the ones from previous studies. 8. It is indeed vital to state also the effects of garlic on GM nephrotoxicity in your discussion. 	
Minor REVISION comments	NO	
Optional/General comments	NO	

PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	<i>(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)</i>	

Reviewer Details:

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