Title: The implementation of Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP) Plan for chicken nugget Plant.

#### **Abstract**

Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP) is a protective approach alarmed with not only food manufacturing but also storage safety. Now-a-days this system has become vital tool for dealings involving different types and kinds of foodstuffs. This perseverance was to established exact HACCP proposal for Bangladeshi chicken nugget manufacturing plant in a current poultry processing plant in Kishoreganj, Dhaka. A precise broad HACCP model was established to develop consumption security and quality of chicken nugget processed in this manufacturing plant. This study was based on genuine circumstances in the chicken nugget manufacturing plant, HACCP's seven principles and several current general models such as Bangladesh Standards & Testing Institution (BSTI), HALAL, ISO 9001:2015, and ISO 22000, YUM Quality Systems Audit of HACCP utilize through investigation which is also known as qualitative methodology. Under taking the consideration all factors of HACCP such as flow-chart, corrective action, verification procedures, Critical control point monitoring requirements and record-keeping were originated, a HACCP team established in the factory. Three Critical control points (CCP) were acknowledged in the manufacture of chicken nugget in this processing plant. The most important identified CCPs were Supply of ingredients and raw material; packaging material; Proper temperature and time for oil frying and proper examination during packing for foreign and unwanted materials of final product. Therefore, HACCP system should be established in each and every poultry processing facilities, recommended by author.

#### Introduction

Chicken nugget is a nutritious, high protein content, easy-to-carry, long shelf life (Normally eight to nine months), and not very easy-to-store (Refrigerated temperature) food product. Chicken nugget normally soft and dry, low temperature and survives rough handling which can be stored without damaging for whole years if it is kept dry and low temperature [01]. Chicken nuggets are made from HALAL chicken meat with the accumulation of all other compounds such as spices, salt, sugar, soya protein, bread crumbs and flavoring agents. Chicken nuggets enrich with high protein content which can be utilizing as feeding programs for any emergency. However, the acceptance of chicken nuggets depends on their macro-nutritional, micronutritional and organoleptic qualities and mainly cost of production.

HACCP has been familiar with an effective and coherent means of convincing food safety from primary and further production through ultimate consumption, using a "farm to table" methodology. In the 1960s HACCP was developed by Pilsbury Company along with the help of the national aeronautics and space administration (NASA). HACCP was originally established for microbiological safety system as well as food preservation to guarantee food safety for astronauts. In this 60s era most food are test after the manufacturer, which is prove an ineffective

method due to product discarded. Therefore, a prevention system was needed to give an extraordinary level of food safety for general purpose [01] [02] [03].

HACCP is useful to think as a preventive food safety method, and not customary quality control or assurance inspection system. HACCP did not ensure "zero risk" and does not reduce the option of any hazard getting into the food products. HACCP tries to reduce that prospect to a satisfactory level. The most successful way to active food safety is to concentration on prevention of potential hazards and to develop the process flow [01] [02] [12].

Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points is an organized method that assists as the base for convincing food safety in the recent era. The HACCP system is aimed to be used to avoid the existence of food-borne hazards such as physical, chemical and biological hazards from manufacture through manufacturing, packing and distribution of a food product.

The promise of proper manufacturing and the supply of sufficiently harmless and healthy various types of foodstuffs perform to be the key targets of the any food industry. These goals can be accrued by adopting a methodical and organizational constitution, controlling actions, procedures, monitoring and resources according to the standards which constitute the basis for total quality systems, including ISO 9000 and ISO 22000 series and the Hazards Analysis Critical Control Points (HACCP) [04].

Human resources and financial safety are preliminary quality demanded by HACCP. Staff training, machineries and other technical supports requires to establish HACCP as an initial input [05].

#### **Materials and Methods**

#### **Study Area**

This study was implemented in a poultry processing plant in Ramadi, Kishoreganj district, Dhaka division, Bangladesh. The plant raw materials has been collected from the local markets in Dhaka division. The plant has about two hundred employees working in one shift to produce different processed poultry products. The plant has a capability to produce around fourteen thousand kilograms of raw poultry meat and five thousand processed poultry products which are ready-to-eat and ready-to-fry products per day.

The authors spent two years in the poultry processing plant in order to observe all the to final product, the employees and operators and monitor quality controlling order to design a brief HACCP plan based on the location and processing in this plant to advance the quality of processed products.

Production related data were gathered during chicken nuggets processing monitoring and verification of every steps and stages of manufacturing such as different raw materials receiving, slaughtering, and deboning, processing, storage and distribution of finished products in various

selling points and stores, including all existing measures. Additional evidence was achieved from data provided by factory management and staff and food processing and engineering laboratory at Chittagong Veterinary and Animal Science University analyses records [12].

#### **Research Method**

This study was to plan a HACCP model for conceivable performance in a concrete condition. The study coordinated a qualitative method because it provides depth and careful study of the program current situation. The study was also observed management review committee members and plant staffs behavior which was also verified such as Dealings, employee relationship and organizational behavior. It gives the interrelated details of different singularities that are difficult to carry with quantitative research methods, which is investigative and appropriate to this HACCP model study [06] [12] [13].

## **Study Approach**

The researchers premeditated a described HACCP plan built on the setting and manufacturing in this poultry processing plant in order to improve the quality of different poultry product. Based on the principle and several existing generic model of HACCP, the documentation and recordkeeping forms of the model in this study were planned in the following manner where it included; prerequisite program, location, premises and rooms, equipment's, product descriptions, list of product components and incoming raw materials, descript process flow diagram, hazard identification, critical control points determination and HACCP control chart [13].

#### **Results and discussion**

### **Prerequisite Programs**

All the perquisite programs of the HACCP system are considered for this study and all of them followed a common direction to achieve zero defects and ensure no health hazard occurs with the final products. Several quality control and quality assurance programs have been utilized in the plant based in food hygiene, good manufacturing practices (GMP) and total quality management (TOM) [13].

#### Location

The chicken nugget processing plant is located in Ramdi, at the Kishoreganj city in Bangladesh. In Kishoreganj city, there is zero risk to food safety. It is far away from environmentally contaminated areas and other industrial activities. Kishoreganj has sufficient safeguard against all kinds of natural disasters.

## Design and layout of the processing plant

There are no sloped in the plant building or store area and all building including store warehouse are well drained to remove stagnant water which also remove waste and debris. Good

manufacturing practice (GMP) ensures hygiene practices which prevents cross contamination in any stages of processing. Water and pest resistance walls are assured not only processing building but also store house and workshop. To avoid cross-contamination, facilitate easy cleaning and avoid accidents all wall and pillar angles, junctions and corners are properly sealed and rounded by aluminum and soft plastics. To drain out waters and others liquid a well-established drainage system placed in this processing plant which is surrounded all over the production floor and covered. All glass doors are well netted and auto-closing system with air-cutter are placed for every door. The floor drains are six inch deep and Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) connects with them directly. For easily clean and sanitize certain height of walls and floors are completely covered with tiles. The plant has good lighting and ventilation systems. The doors and windows are finished with glass and well netted which covered with finished aluminum structure and several exhaust fans and air-conditioned maintain fresh and clean airflow which diminish heated vapor and thus maintain temperature and relative humidity. Qualified technician routinely cleaned, sanitized and it checked by exist quality control team. The floor is cleaned after a fixed period of time including daily before and after production.

Hand washing and sanitization stations are at appropriate locations with washing and sanitizing materials. Washing room are situated in the plant building (near the processing area, handling and resting areas), and this can be create a big source of cross contamination.

The plant area has one quality control laboratory. Ante-mortem and postmortem of the chicken are performed in this laboratory including other experiments. The tests included inspection of poultry birds.

#### **Equipment**

The equipment's are made of stainless steel, plastic and all other materials that are appropriate for food industries and design structure is simply maintainable. Half yearly preventive maintenance ensures a charming running system of all equipment and cracks, rust and dents free.

## **Personal Hygiene**

Personal hygiene was properly established according to GMP and all employees strict to follow the personal hygiene instructions in a proper way according to standards of procedure (SOP). Although employees must be wear the uniform, gloves and use hairnet to cover their hair. So these cannot create a source of cross contamination of the products.

The proper employee personal hygiene covers that the employees must avoid doing from placing fingers in any part of the body such as mouth, nose, and ears.

Eating or chewing foods, spitting and smoking during food handling operation also strictly prohibited. A quality control supervisor look after and keep documentation that all employees

must wash and sanitize hand before start of work and when reentering their work area after visiting the washing rooms.

# Water Supply for processing plant

The processing plant has particular underground water supply arrangement and storage system to provide acceptable potable water for the chicken nugget processing after treatment. Portable and treated water is tested such as pH, total dissolve solids, hardness test, alkalinity test, chlorine test, and iron test at every hour and also complied with the national water quality standard of Bangladesh legislations.

## Storage and Transportation for finished product

All the cold storage rooms are properly cleaned, sanitized, temperature and humidity controlled and all of them air conditioned expect civil engineering store room. Temperature and humidity of all cold storage room are monitored hourly and verified by digital thermometer and hygrometer. Several inspections of the cold storage conditions confirmed a consistent environment which is help to avoid the hazards and help produced better quality finish products. Well established transportation facilities are available. During transportation of raw materials and finished products, separation of raw and finished products and nonfood stuffs are properly monitored.

### **Sanitation Program**

A sanitary and cultural friendly environment, essential for the storing raw materials in warehousing and distribution of safe and legal final products. The sanitation program in the poultry processing plant has been accomplished properly, clean in place (CIP) for machines, equipment and tools is done accurately, so these equipment cannot be a source of cross contamination.

#### **Pest Control management**

The pest control management was carried out to remove various types of pest such as dogs, frog, rodents, insects and birds. Pest control management programs need more than traditional various insecticide spraying and traps techniques to remove pests. Now-s-days modern pest management programs are applied to control pest. This is practiced in the plant every month by the plant employees and contract service provider named "Scorpion".

## Waste management facilities for processing plant

The processing plant has individual waste treatment facilities along with appropriate drainage, storage and dumping system. Pond, Effluent treatment plant (ETP), incineration and landfills are combined to utilize to facilities waste management system. Different specification and standards of procedure (SOP) based on international standards of ingoing waste and discharging waste water is checked and tested weekly.

## **Traceability management**

Lot identification number & Batch code, incoming date of raw materials in store warehouse, production date of chicken nuggets, raw materials mixing date etc. are correctly sustained for appropriate identification and maintain traceability. All raw and packaging materials in store warehouse were maintained by First in First out (FIFO).

### Training programs for workers and officers

Periodic workers and officers training conducted by quality control officers for all employees an interval of two weeks. The workers and officers training covers GMP which includes personal hygiene, work-related health and safety issues, organizational regulations, production procedures and food safety issues.

## Product description for chicken nuggets

Product description of chicken nuggets covers complete explanation of the finished product counting relevant different safety information such as compositions of raw materials, chemical and physical structure of ingredients, packaging materials, shelf-life of raw and finished products, storage condition of raw and finished products, method of distribution, material safety data sheet, it includes ingredients intended utilization [11]. Detailed product explanation for chicken nuggets is presented in Table 01.

Table 01. Product description of chicken nuggets

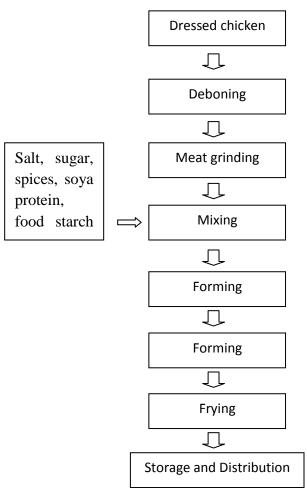
Sl. no.	Names	Conditions
01	Product name	Chicken nuggets
02	Product shape	A precooked small (eighteen to nineteen grams) pieces, cubic box shaped product prepared from chicken meat, sugar, soya protein, salt, spices, bread crumbs etc
03	Preparation procedure	Ready to eat, but heat ten to twelve minutes, Turn the nuggets over halfway through heating time or two minutes in micro oven is recommended
04	Packaging condition	Poly bag, Vacuum sealed
05	Shelf life of chicken nuggets	Six months
06	Selling place	Mega shop, retail store
07	Distribution condition	Keep under 4°C

## **Production procedure of chicken nuggets**

The incoming slaughtered and dressed whole chicken is washed by chilled chlorinated water and stored in grading container after grading with tube ice in chilled room that maintain the temperature of the chicken at 0 - 4°C. The slaughter chickens are then deboned manually with

knife. The room temperature must be maintained below 15°C and keeping the deboned meat on flake ice. The deboned meat of chicken is mechanically ground at four mm using a meat grinders (YF-JR12). After grinding, all meat transfer in a mixer and salt, sugar, spices, soya protein, food starch and food conditioner are added in the mixer with grinding meat. The mixing paste then formed in cubic box shaped by a filling and forming machine and drop in a conveyor belt which is carry this cubic box shaped raw nuggets in the shower of tempura and bread crumbs. Then these raw nuggets fried in the fryer (BQ-1200) utilizing pam oil for ten minutes at 100°C. The chicken nuggets are air cooled in a cold room. Vacuum packed utilized by high density color package and stored in the chilling room at chilling temperature (0 - 4°C) in a chilling room. Finally, finished products are distributed in the shops thorough refrigerated delivery van after storing the chicken nuggets for three days in the processing plant chilling room. The process flow diagram is shown in Figure 01 [12].

Figure 01. Process flow diagram of chicken nuggets



## **Hazards Identification**

A hazard can be defined properly which could cause a finished product can be unhealthy eventually unsafe for human consumption [07] [08]. Hazard can be classified as physical hazards (PH), chemical hazards (CH) or biological hazards (BH). Hazard identification is a two-step process for the chicken nuggets which are observed and identify the threats which can be harmful for human health by raw meat and poultry products. The hazards accompanying with all raw ingredients and incoming raw materials for chicken nuggets production are shown in Table 02.

Table 02. Hazards in process ingredient and incoming raw material analysis map.

Raw Ingredients & Materials		Hazards	Preventive Measure
Raw Chicken Meat	*PH *CH *BH	PH - Bones >7 mm CH - Allergen, antibiotic residue BH - Escherichia coli, Salmonella spp., Salmonella aureus, Listeria monocytogenes	Store at chilled temperature under 4°C, Sanitize equipment and machine Properly, Ensured personal hygiene and handling
Salt	*РН	Any foreign materials	Quality: Quality Assurance assured, Store temperature: Strictly maintain below 20°C, Maintain first in first out
Sugar	*РН	Any foreign materials	Quality: Quality Assurance assured, Store temperature: Strictly maintain below 20°C, Maintain first in first out
Soya protein	*РН	Any foreign materials	Quality: Quality Assurance assured, Store temperature: Strictly maintain below 20°C, Maintain first in first out
Food starch	*PH	Any foreign materials	Quality: Quality Assurance assured, Store temperature: Strictly maintain below 20°C, Maintain first in first out
Spice powder	*PH *CH *BH	PH - Foreign particles CH - Adulterants, allergen BH - Pathogens	Quality: Quality Assurance assured, Store temperature: Strictly maintain below 20°C,

	I	T	251 1 2 1 2	
			Maintain first in first out	
			Ensured personal hygiene	
			and handling	
			Quality: Quality Assurance	
			assured,	
	*DLI	DU any foreign meterials	Store temperature: Strictly	
Na- benzoate		, ,	maintain below 20°C,	
	•Сп	CH - additerants	Maintain first in first out	
			Ensured personal hygiene	
			and materials handling	
		No horond or deintroble	Ice & Water: Treated water	
Too			from underground	
Ice			Ensured personal hygiene	
		creation and processing	and handling	
			Quality: Quality Assurance	
			assured,	
	*PH	PH - Foreign particles	Store temperature: Strictly	
Bread crumbs	*CH	CH - Adulterants, allergen	maintain below 20°C,	
	*BH	BH - Pathogens	Maintain first in first out	
			Ensured personal hygiene	
			and material handling	
			Ink & material: Food	
			grade,	
			Quality: Quality Assurance	
	*DLI	PH -any foreign particles	assured,	
Packaging Materials		inside	Store temperature: Strictly	
	"CH	CH - ink	maintain below 20°C,	
			Maintain first in first out	
			Ensured personal hygiene	
Ice Bread crumbs	*CH	CH - Adulterants, allergen BH - Pathogens  PH -any foreign particles inside	maintain below 20°C, Maintain first in first out Ensured personal hygiene and materials handling Ice & Water: Treated wate from underground Ensured personal hygiene and handling Quality: Quality Assurance assured, Store temperature: Strictly maintain below 20°C, Maintain first in first out Ensured personal hygiene and material handling Ink & material: Food grade, Quality: Quality Assurance assured, Store temperature: Strictly maintain below 20°C, Maintain first in first out	

<sup>\*</sup>PH = Physical hazard

According to table 02, raw chicken meat is considered critical because it can be contaminated by different physical, chemical & biological hazards such as bone, feather, Allergen, antibiotic residue and different bacteria. Microbial growth in raw meat which results off – flavor and off – color is very important and a critical point for storage temperature. To remove these hazards we should apply total quality management (TQM) and GMP by the quality assurance team. Besides raw chicken meat, salt, sugar, soya protein, food starch can introduce physical hazards by adding foreign materials in our manufacturing process. We can eliminate them by strictly maintaining quality tests by a quality assurance team. Na- benzoate, packaging materials and spice powders is accounted as critical because these products contain heat sensitive chemical particles and

<sup>\*</sup>CH = Chemical hazard

<sup>\*</sup>BH = Biological hazard

components which is very common adulteration in Bangladesh. Physical hazard in packaging material and spice powder and microbial hazard in packaging material are considered as critical

The hazards accompanying with chicken nuggets processing line for chicken nuggets production are shown in Table 03.

Table 03. Hazards analysis chart for chicken nuggets processing steps

Processing steps		Hazards	Preventive measure
Raw Material: Slaughtered and dressed chicken store in cold storage	*CH *BH	CH - Allergen, antibiotic residue BH - Escherichia coli, Salmonella spp., Salmonella aureus, Listeria monocytogenes	Machines and equipment properly setting, clean, sanitize and dry all the transfer equipment under 4°C, Ensured personal hygiene and handling
Deboning	*PH *BH	PH - Bone BH - Pathogen by contamination: Salmonella aureus	Clean, sanitize and dry associated equipment below 12 °C, Ensured personal hygiene and handling
Grinding	*PH *CH *BH	PH - Bone CH - Sanitizer, cleaning agent BH - Pathogen from grinder	Clean, sanitize and dry associated equipment below 12 °C, Ensured personal hygiene and handling
Mixing	*PH *CH *BH	PH - Bone CH - Sanitizer, cleaning agent BH - Pathogen from grinder	Clean, sanitize and dry associated equipment below 12 °C, Ensured personal hygiene and handling
Forming	*CH *BH	CH - Sanitizer, cleaning agent BH - Pathogen from former	Ensured personal hygiene Clean, sanitize and dry associated equipment
Frying	*BH	Pathogen if not killed	Frying temperature above 100°C, Cooking time: 10 min
Cooling		No hazard	Cooling Procedure: Air Cooling Using clean, sanitized and dry equipment
Packing	*PH	Any foreign particle enter	Proper packer machine setting, Sanitize and dry the container,

			scale and tools, Proper personal hygiene and handling
Cold storage & Distribution	*BH	Growth of pathogen	Storage condition: Clean and under 4 °C, Distribution: delivery truck should be clean and maintain below 4 °C

From table 03, slaughtered and dressed chicken stored in cold storage can be hampered by chemical and biological hazards such as different allergen and bacteria. We can prevent them by utilizing TQM, GMP and proper storage conditions. During deboning the dressed chicken, bone over 7 mm should not be allowed for further processing. The grinding and mixing should be performed in the presence of a quality control member. The time and temperature of frying, core temperature is a very critical point for cooked chicken nuggets due to destruction of pathogens. To maintain product color and prevention of microbial growth, vacuum packaging is very useful. Metal detection systems eliminate the presence of foreign and metal materials. Storage and distribution temperature is critical to acceptance with customer acceptability and shelf-life.

### **Critical Control Point (CCP) Determination**

Critical Control Point is a major step at which it is important that a particular control measure is functional to eliminate or prevent a food safety hazard which is reduce the risk to a satisfactory level [07]. The frying temperature taken as a Critical Control Point (CCP) as core temperature of product verifies the suitability of the cook [07] [09]. From figure 01 we found the decision tree which is utilize to categorize the Critical Control points (CCPs) for raw ingredients which is shown in Table 04. From figure 01 we have the decision tree which is utilized to identify CCPs for processing steps which is discussed Table 05.

Table 04. Chicken nuggets ingredients Decision Matrix

Critical Control Point identification instruction:

Question 01: Raw materials associated with any kinds of hazards?

If answer is No, then it is not a CCP, if answer is Yes, proceed to Question 02.

Question 02: Are any kind's hazards going to process?

If answer is No, CCP, if Yes, proceed for Question 03.

Question 03: Any risk of cross-contamination to the facility or to other products which cannot be controlled?

If answer is No, not a CCP, if answer is Yes, then it will be a Critical Control point (CCP).

Raw material and hazards	Kinds of Hazard	Question 01	Question 02	Question 03	Critical Control point	Remarks
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Chicken R	law Meat					
РН	Foreign Materials	No	-	-	No	Proper Physical Inspection, Personal Hygiene and GMP
СН	Antibodies	Yes	Yes	No	No	Proper chlorine washing, underground water quality
ВН	Pathogen	Yes	Yes	No	No	Microbial hazards eliminate by steam cooking
Salt						
РН	Insect fragment, hair etc	Yes	Yes	No	No	Pest control management, Personal hygiene, Physical inspection
Sugar						
РН	Insect fragment, hair etc	Yes	Yes	No	No	Pest control management, Personal hygiene, Physical inspection
Soya prote	ein		1	1	1	
РН	Insect fragment, hair etc	Yes	Yes	No	No	Pest control management, Personal hygiene, Physical inspection
Food starc	eh		<u> </u>			January M. P. Carlotte
РН	Insect fragment, hair etc	Yes	Yes	No	No	Pest control management, Personal hygiene, Physical inspection
Spice pow						
PH	Foreign Materials	Yes	No	-	Yes	Quality Product supply can be critical
СН	Adulterants	Yes	No	-	Yes	Quality Product supply can be critical
ВН	Pathogen	Yes	Yes	No	No	final cooking process, Personal Hygiene, GMP and food storage
Na- benzo	ate				1	
PH	Foreign Materials	Yes	Yes	No	No	Personal hygiene, Physical inspection
СН	Adulterants	Yes	No	-	Yes	Quality Product supply can be critical
Bread crui	1					
PH	Foreign	Yes	No	-	Yes	Quality Product

	Materials					supply can be critical
СН	Adulterants	Yes	No		Yes	Quality Product
СП	Additerants	1 68	NO	1	1 68	supply can be critical
						Final cooking process,
BH	Pathogen	Yes	Yes	No	No	Personal Hygiene,
ВП	ramogen	1 68	1 68			GMP and food
						storage
Packaging	Materials					
PH	Foreign	Yes	No		Yes	Quality Product
ГΠ	Materials	res	NO	-	168	supply can be critical
СН	Adulterants	Yes	No		Yes	Quality Product
СП	Additerants	i es	No	_	i es	supply can be critical

From table 04, we can determine whether raw materials for the processing of chicken nuggets are considered as hazards or not. For chicken raw meat we have no critical control point (CCP) if we properly maintain TQM, GMP and proper inspection of quality control and quality assurance team. For salt, sugar, soya protein and food starch we had no CCP as well as chicken raw meat. Spice powder, Na- benzoate, bread crumbs and packaging materials can be CCP if proper inspection and quality product cannot be collected.

Table 05. Hazards in chicken nuggets Processing and CCP decision matrix chat analysis

Instructions for identification of critical control points:

Question 01: Does this step include a hazard of adequate risk and sternness to warrant its control?

If answer is Yes, proceed for Q2, if answer is No, not a CCP.

Question 02: any preventive measure can be hazard exist in this step? If answer is Yes, Proceed for Q3, if answer is No, proceed for Q2a.

Question 02a: Safety is control at this step necessary? If answer is Yes, modify the step, process or product, if answer is No, not a CCP.

Question 03: Prevent the risk to the safety level of the hazard to consumers is necessary? If answer is Yes, CCP, if answer is No, not a CCP.

Process step	Kinds of hazards	Question 01	Question 02	Question 03	Critical control Point	Remarks
Raw meat	storage					
PH	Foreign	Yes	Yes	No	No	Prerequisite program:
	particles					Personal Hygiene,

						pest control management
СН	Antibiotics, Sanitizer and Cleaner	No			No	Prerequisite program: Water quality, Sanitation system
ВН	Pathogen	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Storage time critical. Temperature is critical, Personal Hygiene
Debonin	ıg					
PH	Foreign particles	Yes	Yes	No	No	Prerequisite program: Pest control management, Personal Hygiene.
СН	Antibiotics, Sanitizer and Cleaner	No			No	Prerequisite program: Preventive maintenance & cleaning, Sanitation system.
ВН	Pathogen	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Proper Temperature hinder the bacterial and fungal growth
Grinding		1				
PH	Foreign particles	Yes	Yes	No	No	Prerequisite program: Pest control management, Personal Hygiene.
СН	Sanitizer and Cleaner	N			No	Prerequisite program: Preventive maintenance & cleaning, Sanitation system.
ВН	Pathogen	Yes	Yes	No	No	Proper Temperature prevent the bacterial and fungal growth
Mixing			<u> </u>	l .		10
PH	Foreign particles	Yes	Yes	No	No	Prerequisite program: Pest control management, Personal Hygiene.
СН	Sanitizer and Cleaner	No			No	Prerequisite program: Preventive maintenance & cleaning, Sanitation system.
ВН	Pathogen	Yes	Yes	No	No	Personal Hygiene, pest control, maintenance & cleaning
Forming	5					
PH	Foreign particles	Yes	Yes	No	No	Prerequisite program: Pest control management, Personal Hygiene.
BH	Pathogen	Yes	Yes	No	No	Prerequisite program:

						Sanitation system		
Frying								
ВН	Pathogen	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Correct frying temperatur is critical, Correct frying time is critical, Prerequisite program Treated water quality		
Packing								
PH	Foreign particles	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Foreign materials presence is critical		
ВН	Pathogen	No			No	Prerequisite program: Personal Hygiene & Sanitation system		
Storage &	Distribution							
ВН	Pathogen	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Storage & Distribution: Temperature is critical, Time is critical		

According to table 05, raw meat storage condition, deboning can be considered as a CCP because of biological hazard due to temperature, storage time, and cross contamination. Grinding, mixing and forming had no obligation as CCP. Frying is considered as a CCP due to biological hazard because if the temperature and time are not maintained, the chicken nuggets can be burned and discarded as spoilage. Packing also considered as a CCP due to physical hazards which can be eliminated by proper inspection by a quality control team. Storage & Distribution considered as CCP due biological hazards which temperature and time should be maintained.

#### **HACCP Control Chart**

Table 06 shows all the potential critical hazards such as physical, chemical and microbial hazards that can occur during the manufacturing steps in this chicken nuggets plant which is named as HACCP control chart. This chart includes number not only critical control point but also control point, critical limits for each control, monitoring procedure for critical points and frequency, preventive and corrective action for various critical points, records and responsible person in the desired points. The potential identified control points of the hazards can be seemed in raw material and the process. From previous study, we found hazard description associated to the product, critical limit for each critical control point, observation procedure, responsible person for control points, monitoring procedure and corrective actions for critical control points in the HACCP control chart [07] [10]. Codex Alimentarius Commission also gave significance to include monitoring procedure and documentation of different parameters in HACCP plan for

meat and meat related products [07] [09]. Three Critical Control Points (CCPs) and two Control Points (CPs) were identified for this chicken plant such as qualified and assured supply of raw material and primary packaging material, Correct storage temperature and time for raw deboning meat, Proper temperature and time for frying of chicken nuggets, Proper inspection and metal detection during packing for foreign and metal materials and Proper storage temperature and distribution temperature and time of finished chicken nuggets.

Table 06. HACCP control chart for chicken nuggets production

Process Step; CCP No	Hazards	Critical Limits	Monitor ing Procedu re	Freque ncy	Preventi ve measure	Correcti ve action	Record	Respon sible person
Raw ingredie nts & Packagi ng Material; CCP#1	Microbial Chemical & Physical Contamin ations	Pure product to be used	Apply supply quality control or assuranc e	Each supply from supplie r	Test raw material supply; Checked MSDS; Approve d Supplier List and review; Specific ation of the material	Change supplier or brand in interval; Employ ee Training for raw material testing	Material s Receivin g & testing report	Assigne d receiver (QC/Q A)
Raw Meat Storage; CP#1	Microbial growth	Under 4°C Max. Four days	Temper ature log is properly monitor ed	Routin ely (Every hour)	Proper storage temperat ure and time maintain	Reject the raw Meat and incinerat e	Tempera ture log sheet; Destroy report	Assigne d executi ve (QC/Q A)
Frying; CCP#2	Survival of Pathogens	Cookin g tempera ture 100°C	Check the Cooking Time and core temperat ure; Follow up the time and	Each Batch	Check The Core Tempera ture of product	Adjust the temperat ure and time by setting the equipme nt; Call the	Time and Core Tempera ture of product log; Mainten ance register	Assigne d executi ve (QC/Q A)

Packing; CCP#3	Physical contamina tion	No foreign material ; No leakage	temperat ure and record keeping Metal detectio n system; Visual Inspecti on by packing Supervis	Each Pack	Personal hygiene and physical inspectio n	Mainten ance team to repair  Retain, rework or discard based foreign material identifie d	Metal detectio n system report, Inspecti on Report	Assigne d executi ve (QC/Q A)
Storage & Distribu tion; CP#2	Microbial Growth	Under 4°C Max. Shelf- life six months	or Check the storage temperat ure and shelf- life and record keeping	Every day	Check the time and temperat ure	Retain or reject based on product testing by panelist	Tempera ture log; Delivery report	Assigne d executi ve (QC/Q A)

#### **Conclusions**

To achieve and improve product safety and qualified product, this qualitative study helps to design and verify a HACCP appropriate model for chicken nuggets. The seven principles and the objectives of HACCP is utilized to establish the chicken nuggets model. Simplify the HACCP plan, the prerequisite program such as location, equipment, water supply etc. was ensured to minimize hazards earlier the production. In this study, utilizing product description to alert the purchaser and supplier to the potential hazards in the finished products. Then, the probable identified control points of the hazards may be emerged in the raw material besides the procedure along with various prevention steps and measures. In decision trees, answering the questions, critical control points were identified. Finally, including all components of HACCP principles we establish a HACCP control chart. In this study three CCPs were identified and found in the manufacture in this chicken nuggets in plant, which was Supply of various raw material and primary packaging material; proper time and temperature for oil frying and proper observation and inspection during packing for foreign and metal materials of final product.

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