



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	Journal of Advances in Medicine and Medical Research
Manuscript Number:	Ms_JAMMR_56736
Title of the Manuscript:	Colorectal adenocarcinoma in East Africa: A narrative literature review
Type of the Article	Review Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)

PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The manuscript style requires revision 2. The abstract must include the clinical variables mentioned in the text. 3. It mentions, "Only a few authors have looked at the possibility of mismatch repair mutations in the aetiopathogenesis of colorectal adenocarcinoma in East Africa" however this is not mentioned in the text. 4. References do not follow a uniform style 5. References do not follow an order of appearance in the text example in the first paragraph introduction is <p>"Colorectal cancer is the fourth leading cause of cancer death in the world (1,2). It is the third most commonly diagnosed malignancy in the world and is responsible for 1.4 million new cases and approximately 700,000 deaths in the year 2012 (2). CRC is the second most common cancer in women worldwide (614,000 cases; 9.2% of the total) and the third most common cancer in men (746,000 cases; 10% of the total) (3). In Africa colorectal carcinoma is a rare disease and it currently represents 2-6% of all malignant tumors (7,8). The crude incidence of CRC in Sub-Saharan Africa is 3.69/100,000 for women and 4.38/100,000 for men (overall 4.04/100,000) with a wide variation in the geographical distribution of CRC reported on the African continent. A high incidence in South Africa of 11.9/100,000 whilst low incidences reported in East Africa (6.5/100,000) and West Africa (3.8/100,000 in women; 4.5/100,000 in men) has been reported (3, 4, 5)."</p>	
Minor REVISION comments		
Optional/General comments		



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PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	<i>(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)</i>	

Reviewer Details:

Name:	Martha Patricia Gallegos Arreola
Department, University & Country	Centro de Investigación Biomédica de Occidente, IMSS, Mexico