

## **PROBIOTICS: NEW ERA FOOD FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION**

### **ABSTRACT**

The gut microflora contains dynamic microbial ecosystem to maintain balance between immune boosting and harmful bacteria. The good bacteria reside in healthy human gut and responsible for increasing energy production, inhibiting pathogenic growth. In unhealthy gut microbiota initiates the development of disorders in human body include metabolic disorder, chronic diarrhea, obesity. The article deals with the study of probiotics and its effect on human body. It also puts a ray on the fact that not all the bacteria around us are disease causing but are also a protective factor against disease causing microbes. At present there are many probiotics foodstuff isolated by industries from natural foods includes vegetables, grain, cereals to use in the form of nutrient supplements.

**Keywords:** Gut microflora, metabolic disorder, immune boosting, probiotics

## Introduction

### PROBIOTICS

Relationship between different class of organisms have been observed since time immemorial. One of the most complex and focused relation has been that of humans and bacteria. Although, most of us are aware of the harmful bacteria which causes disease and illness, it is less sighted upon those bacteria, which not only lives inside our body but also benefits us [1].

Earlier, people used to believe that plants are the only source from which all the immunity booster can be obtained. This notion went on for long until during stone age, man started domestication of livestock and consumption and production of dairy products started from this dairy products, fermentation came into existence [2-4]. The ancient history says that once shepherd was walking in the hot summer of Turkish desert carrying goat milk in the bottle made of the skin of that goat. After sometime, he observed that the milk has turned into something thick, tasty and creamy texture. This new creamy thing was called Yogurt. This was the time when people starting yogurt and it helped them maintaining good health. This made them believe that yogurt have some therapeutic properties. Little did they know it was the bacteria in it which helped maintaining good environment in their digestive system. The therapeutic properties of these products were of traditional belief until the concept of probiotics flourished [5-7]. The word probiotics was brought into existence by the German researcher Werner Kollath in 1953 to assign "dynamic substances that are essential for life [8].

The cutting edge history of probiotics begins toward the start of 1900s with the spearheading investigations of things to come Nobel laureate Elie Metchnikoff, a Russian researcher working at the Pasteur Institute in Paris. Louis Pasteur distinguished the microorganisms answerable for the procedure of aging, while Metchnikoff gave first to locate a shot the conceivable impact of these organisms on human wellbeing [9-10]. He related the upgraded life span of Bulgarian country individuals to the standard utilization of matured dairy items, for example, yogurt. He connected this to the Bulgarian bacillus that was found by a Bulgarian doctor Stamen Grigorov, and he later proposed that lactobacilli may neutralize the harmful impacts of gastrointestinal digestion that added to ailment and maturing [11]. The logical speculation of Metchnikoff supported the creation and advancement of the dairy business in France, the first in Europe, on account of the utilization of a matured milk acquired from *Bacillus bulgaricus*. In 2013 a specialist agreement archive had been distributed on the extension and suitable utilization of the term probiotic: live microorganisms which when consumed in adequate amount gives a medical benefit to the consumer of these probiotics [12-14]. Present day innovation has likewise chosen those strains creating an aged milk with great natural and healthful characteristics, more than different strains do. Yogurt and different nourishments produced using fermented milk can be viewed as the principal functional food [15].

Probiotics comprises of those bacteria which not only naturally lives inside human gut but also benefits them by providing protection against bad microorganisms and boost the immune system. On the other hand, probiotics have been distinguished and described as living microbial feed booster of health that helpfully influence the host body by enhancing its intestinal microbial balance. Probiotics were initially used to improve the health people through the balance of the microbes present in the intestine [16-18]. At present, a less number of acknowledged strains of Lactobacilli and Bifidobacteria are accessible for human use to reduce the chances of gastrointestinal contaminations or cure these diseases. Some of the helpful impacts of probiotic utilization incorporate improvement of intestinal wellbeing by the help of microbiota, and incitement and advancement of immune system, combining and upgrading the bioavailability of supplements, decreasing effects of lactose intolerance, and diminishing the danger of

certain different ailments [19]. The increased use of probiotics in today's life says a lot about its use and necessity to the mankind. That's why they are produced in larger quantities by different scientific methods. For any probiotic substance to work properly, it should be at the highest of its function for human benefit. That particular strain of probiotic should be able to colonize and acceptable to immune system. There should not be any reaction from immune system against these microbiotas [20]. Then only it qualifies as probiotics. There are various ways for the production and checking of the probiotics. [21-22].

Supplementation with probiotics, prebiotics, and synbiotics has given some outstanding results against various gut pathogens because of their unique and distinguished capability to fight with pathogenic microbes for unique binding site, to keep away pathogens or to maintain, adjust and change the host's immunity by starting the operation of unique features in and outside the host's gut [23-25].

## **MECHANISM OF ACTION**

As probiotics are defined as microorganisms which provide human gut with variety of good bacteria and strengthen the immune system. The intestinal tract is a wide diverse micro colony where varied 500 types of microbe's flourish [26-27]. A single layered epithelium is the only layer that isolates these benefitting microorganisms and pathogens from the immune cells, and accordingly epithelial hindrance work is an important part in the process of protection, components required to avert infection and irritation. The epithelial boundary comprises of a thick mucus cell layers having secretory IgA antibodies and antimicrobial chains just as unique junctional structure that control movement of substances and microbes across the layer between cell as and tissues. Probiotics are live microorganisms that gives benefit to the host and that have been given to improve sicknesses including anti-toxin related looseness of the bowels, irritable bowel syndrome, inflammatory bowel diseases. Probiotics certainly functions by the enhancement of boundary capacity, immune system working process, and firm adhesiveness to the mucus and epithelium [28-29]. The mechanism of action gives details about impacts of the various accessible probiotics with an important uplifting on intestinal barrier work and the immune response corresponding to probiotics.

The intestinal epithelium is continuously in contact with luminal substance and the different, gut micro culture. The distal bowel, cecum, and colon have growing bacterial colonization comparative with proximal areas. Approximately, 60% of the feces tissue mass in people is because of microscopic organisms which is there in our body through any means. The small digestive system helps lower quantities of commensal microscopic organisms because of the more hydrogen ion concentration and lower pH from stomach corrosive acid HCl, which catalysts from pancreas that hold colonization [30]. Approximately 500 types of anaerobic microorganisms are examined to involve the gut microbial culture, and prokaryotes overtakes eukaryotic cells by an exceeding factor of 10 in the human body. Since, most of gut microbes can't be purified by standard methods, so a few gatherings are presently taking at distinguishing the different species by polymerase chain reaction of 16S ribosomal nucleic acid(RNA) and looking at the noticeable interchange between generations during wellbeing and diseases [31-34].

To shield all the cells from deliberate immune reactions, the epithelium has created different parts to control bacterial development, restrict direct contact with the microorganisms, and avert bacterial scattering in the basic tissue. Interruption of this obstruction can cause safe resistance to the intestinal microbes and an unseemly provoke reaction, as it has to happen in the gut ailment irritable bowel disease (IBD), ulcerative colitis and Crohn's sickness [35]. The intestinal boundary barriers comprise of the mucous layer, antibody IgA, antimicrobial peptides that protects the host from infection, and the epithelial

junctional bond complex. Utilization of bacterial species that doesn't because harm can lead to problematic work by reducing the paracellular entrance, providing natural immunity and resistance against pathogens and improving the physical barrier of the mucous layer, which may help in prevention against the diseases, prevent constant aggravation and reaction against immune system, and keep up mucosal layer firm [36-38].

## SYSTEMS OF PROBIOTIC FUNCTION

A typical misguided judgment is that the probiotics should constantly form colonies in the gut to show their effects efficiently and working. But, some of the probiotics like Bifidobacterium become the important part of the human gut [Table:1] but other bacteria like Lactobacillus casei may not. Non colonizing bacterial probiotics should then in an approximate way should show their effects in a temporary way as they pass on or, probably, by affecting the present microbial connections and effects [39-40].

**Table 1: Health benefits of Probiotics**

Health benefits of Probiotics		
Metabolic benefits	Intestinal Hemostasis	Immunological benefits
Reducing cholesterol	Gut barrier	Antibody production
Against toxins	Improved gut microflora	Boosting immune system
Controlling body weight	Against colonization of pathogens	Alleviating allergens
Against Diabetes	Protective against Diarrhea	Preventing IBDs
Lactose intolerance		Anti-proliferative

## PRODUCT CREDIBILITY OF PROBIOTICS

At the point when probiotic strains are chosen, properties significant for adequacy and innovative capacity must be evaluated. Since the scope of focuses for in vivo work is wide, spreading over resistant capacities, oral, respiratory, stomach, intestinal, it would be an overwhelming errand to build up a brief of qualities required by a probiotic in all capacities [41]. Essential starting portrayal of strain character and scientific categorization ought to be directed, trailed by assessment with approved tests for both animal model introspection and in limit examination of the host. Innovative strength should likewise be resolved, for example, the capacity of the selected strain to develop to increasing numbers, thought, the balance it creates, and its fusion into the packing material having great tangible properties for being appropriate and to be fast in its effects, be it in genetic aspect or physiological aspect or both completely through the time it is usable for and at the host's active site. It could be a test to evaluate the balance of the strain since

the components like its reaction, length of the chain and the side effects may lead to the investigation of colony culture happening in vivo [42-44].

Strain obtained from a probiotic bacterium can be different that means same probiotic can two unique strains as it has been tested in lab and on the animal for trial information in, although the result of the same test can vary in human and most likely uncommon. As a result, the outcomes from the examination that is being clinically tested are relevant just to the strain or strains being assessed in that investigation [45]. Given this, in any case, various strains may have similar impacts, and many other strains have given comparable better impacts. This has been observed that certain unique characters of the species and its expression may be discovered. In current scenario genomics can help in various ways. In this era of technological advancement, strain selection and development is proven to give immense results [46-48]. Different variables include, probiotic development during item make, protection innovation, and the closeness and accuracy in manufacture of the final product may require a skillfull technique. Many research is going on to see the effects of these factors on natural viability [49-51].

## **PROBIOTICS AS FOOD SUPPLEMENTS**

There are various ways for consumption of great microorganisms that is probiotics into our gut: aged nourishments that is fermentation and dietary enhancements that is quality of food intake. Aged nourishments is the best way to take probiotics in our diet [52-53]. These are easily available over market place, and are suggested by doctors during digestion related issues. Aging fermentation is probably the most established method for food conservation. Humankind has been maturing fermented foods and beverages like brew and wine for quite a long time. Foods that are fermented experience a procedure of lactofermentation wherein the main microbe feed on the starch and sugar present in the food resulting in production of an acid called lactic acid [54-55]. This procedure give rise to a complex structure to protects the food but also elevate the valuable compound and nutrients like vitamin B complex, and omega-3 unsaturated fats, all combined in one. Another approach to see maturation is conversation of food into something different as in modified food. Some conversations are cabbage which changes to sauerkraut, cucumbers use to make some pickles, soybeans modified to miso, and milk is used to create different products like butter, curd, cheese and thick cream. But this doesn't mean all fermentation leads to probiotic formation [56].

Although the importance of fermented product containing probiotics is great, their taste and smell can be very solid and not likely to many people, which might be the reason for some people to not consume it. And since the flavors are not liked by many, these are modified and fixed with some other flavors to make it more likely hence increasing its consumption. For example, yogurt comes in many flavors other than its basic flavor, probiotics drink has a lot of flavors which add to its taste [57-58]. The most well-known fermented food that normally have probiotic content in it are yogurt, pickles, kefir, sauerkraut miso, tempeh, kimchi, sourdough bread, few cheese and a few drink like chaas or buttermilk [59].

Yogurt which is the most popular form of probiotic edible is considered as the excelling of probiotic nourishments as it contains a flavor that is comfortable to mix and adjust with Western palates. Also it can be prepared at home with easy techniques and consumed all over the world. Hence the probiotic content in yogurt can vary from 90 billion to 500 billion of viable cells of microbes also known as culture forming units (CFU). Yogurt contains a lot of lactobacillus which works positively for the digestive system [60-64]. Thus fermented food helps. us have the essential probiotics required to our immune system and maintain good health. Other than having it for breakfast or a late morning nibble, one can substitute yogurt at

whatever point one use mayonnaise in egg plate of mixed greens or potato serving of mixed greens, or in practically any preparing formula. [65].

## **MANUFACTURE OF PROBIOTICS**

The assembling procedures of LAB and bifidobacteria for dietary enhancements and dairy applications share the accompanying advances practically. Solidified seed stock, which has been deliberately arranged to comprise of a solitary unadulterated strain and confirmed to be liberated from contaminants by quality control (QC) testing, is utilized in a set number of successive seed maturations to accomplish the ideal inoculum volume and is eventually moved to the fundamental aging vessel for development. On the other hand, solidified direct tank immunization material comprises of a bigger measure of concentrated cells that can be utilized to straightforwardly vaccinate the fundamental aging vessel [66]. The point of the two methodologies is to restrict the quantity of ages from seed stock to item, along these lines diminishing any potential hazard for hereditary float. The warmth treated medium utilized in the seed scale up and fundamental aging is a mix of water, nitrogen sources, sugars, salts, and micronutrients vital for development. The maturations are painstakingly controlled and after the aging in the fundamental tank is finished, the cells are focused by isolating the cells from spent medium through centrifugation. Contingent on the last item application, stabilizer arrangements (i.e cryoprotectants to shield cells from injury during freezing or potentially lyoprotectants to shield cells from injury during freeze-drying) might be added to the phones before freezing. Cryoprotectants hinder the pace of ice development by means of expanding the arrangement consistency and keeping the shapeless structure of ice in nearness of the cell. Lyoprotectants settle the lipid bilayer structure of the cell layer without water. Ordinarily utilized cryo-and lyoprotectants are starches and peptides. In the dairy business, skim milk powder is frequently utilized. When the probiotic concentrate is mixed with the cryo protectant arrangement, different freezing procedures can be applied. One straightforward freezing strategy comprises of emptying cryo protected gather into jars and inundating the fixed jars into a fluid nitrogen shower.

The solidified jars would then be able to be transported to organizations consolidating probiotics in food or drinks. Then again, a progressively profitable strategy comprises of pelletizing the cryo protected concentrate by trickling the concentrate through aligned openings into a shower of fluid nitrogen. The pellets, which are regularly circles of 4–5 mm in measurement, are then collected at the base lastly gathered into packs that are put away and transported at a temperature extending from  $-45$  to  $-55$  °C. Then again, solidified cell pellets can be utilized for freeze-drying (lyophilization) to a dried finished result. The solidified pellets are moved onto plate which are put on racks. The racks have the ability of being temperature controlled and are dynamically warmed once vacuum is built up in the freeze-drying chamber. An elective alternative comprises of filling plate with the cryo protected concentrate [67]. The plate are then positioned on temperature-controlled racks which are at first chilled off to frosty temperatures under climatic tension. When the mass in every plate is solidified, the racks are bit by bit warmed once vacuum is applied. The applied vacuum regularly fluctuates somewhere in the range of 100 and 1000 m Torr and the racks' temperature somewhere in the range of  $-40$  and  $+40$  °C. Freeze-drying length changes as an element of the strain, its plan, and the freeze-drying cycle however normally takes a couple of days to be finished. The upside of freeze-drying is that the procedure keeps up the probiotic cells at a low temperature to constrain harm to the cells' structure and metabolites [68].

## **PROBIOTICS IN INDIA**

Probiotics in india whether knowingly or unknowingly has been consumed since a long time. But if we talk about production level for the current situation, India holds 1% of the total market all over the world. Most of the probiotics items accessible are predominantly made from milk that is dahi and a couple of probiotic drinks like flavored milk, lassi, and buttermilk. Although there has been some changes in market

scenario and acceptance of other products over these products have been observed which are probiotic advanced juices, vitamin elevated cereal, nourishment bars etc. [69]. In India brand has played a significant role in the production and consumption of these probiotics. The utilization of these manufactured probiotics by per person is 300 grams which is mostly slanted towards urban cities. At present, different companies comprise of 75 to 80% of dahi production because of their bigger establishment and quality trust. Whereas, rest of the 20 to 25% is manufactured by local companies. As the international market is also growing, companies are making their mark. The competition between business companies like Reliance, ITC and CavinKare will increase giving rise to production of good quality products. Since yogurt is consumed in very large amount by the whole population, it alone runs the all over companies worth 1000 crore INR which comprises unflavoured and flavoured yogurt and its varieties, packaged drinks and furthermore the solidified yogurt service market. 20 to 25% of the compound annual growth rate (CAGR) depends on this yogurt and its product.

Indian market relies on dairy products for their probiotics requirement and some marked and trusted brands that offers probiotic food item which people generally rely upon includes Mother Dairy, Amul, Yakult, Nestle, Danone, Tablets India, Unique Biotech, Dr Reddy Laboratorie, Zeus Biotech, etc. These are the companies which makes the backbone of the probiotic industry by their contribution in probiotic food developments and by gaining people's trust which expands the scope of more probiotic development and consumption. In the field of probiotics, Amul has done some great works by presenting the concept and manufacturing, Sugar Free Prolife Probiotic Ice Cream, Prolife Lassi. Amul in 2011 presented Fruit Yogurt that has different flavors like, Strawberry, Pineapple, and Vanilla. It also started manufacture of sweet curd known as Mishti Doi. In 2007, a joint venture between two companies namely Japan's Yakult Honsha and The French-Danone Group happened giving rise to Yakult Danone India Pvt Ltd, released a probiotic fermented milk drink which have more than 6.5 billion beneficial microbes namely Lactobacillus casei strain Shirota in a 65ml small bottle and is available in the market in the pack of 5 bottles. Mother dairy extended the range with the new product of an aged milk refreshment called Nutrifitin having two different flavor common within population which were strawberry and mango. [70]. All of these brand excelled in enormous content of good bacteria braced with 5 active nutrients, viz., iron, iodine, calcium, zinc and vitamin A (Table:2).

**Table 2: Commercial formulation in India**

Probiotics organisms used	Type of formulation	Uses
B. fidium B.longum L.acidophilus S thermophilus	Actigut (Capsules)	Diarrhea treatment, Vaginal yeast & other bacterial infections
L. acidophilus	Becelac (Capsules)	Improve RBCs, Strong bones, digestive health
L. sporogenes B.mesentericus S. faecalis C. butyricum	Vi Bact (Sachet)	Diarrhea
L.reuteri L.rhamnosus	Ecoflora (Capsules)	Improving digestion
L.sporogenes B. mesentericus	Vizyl (Capsules)	Treating Diaarrhea

C.butyricum		
S.faecalis		

## CONSUMER'S PREFERENCE

Since large population depends upon dairy products and its consumption, so people have their own way of consuming these probiotics. There are homemade forms like paneer, curd, yogurt, cheese, chaas, kimchi, pickle etc. In India, dahi is very important part of the daily diet and could be made at home very easily due to the availability of minimum temperature and conditions required. However in the west, yogurt formation at home is not that valued and hence it is mostly purchased from the grocery stores to fulfill the requirements of probiotics. This demand for yogurt from the market lead to search of more effective and enhanced quality of probiotic consumption be it yogurt or drinks. Rural area public have strong believed on homemade preparations and not giving enough importance to the nutritional content in the manufactured products. The product quality depends upon number of factors such as consumer response, funding, and production quality [71]. Different variables incorporate the cases and features of the item, for example, medical advantages and the information of the utilitarian fixings present in the item. Slowly people are getting health conscious and have knowledge about most the aspects of food intake. Probiotics have successfully maintained its healthy impact on consumers in the place of certain products claiming benefit and not be able to stand on the terms. This is reason why probiotic industry and research is growing in India. Probiotics are living microbes which when administered in satisfactory sums present medical advantages to the host as said by WHO.. For food industry, the matter of concern is customer satisfaction, their suggestions and response, sentiments and conduct so as to maintain a good image in the market by gaining consumer trust and their faith in consumption of their item by the consumers.

## CONCLUSION

The study concludes that in today's era, probiotics are essential for human body to maintain proper gut function. Various strains and products are derived which are put to human test and then used in the market. Probiotics shows health benefits in treating various diseases and disorders so as to protect the homeostasis a human body maintains. Since it is widely used all over the world, it has been included in dietary essentials. In today's world, where diseases and pandemics are increasing probiotics comes as an aid to many of them through various protective effects and methods. Thus Probiotics combination with multivitamins and nutrients can enhance the health benefits. Today's date probiotics comes as a boon to maintain all the gut related problems and is a great immune enhancer and healthy environment outside.

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